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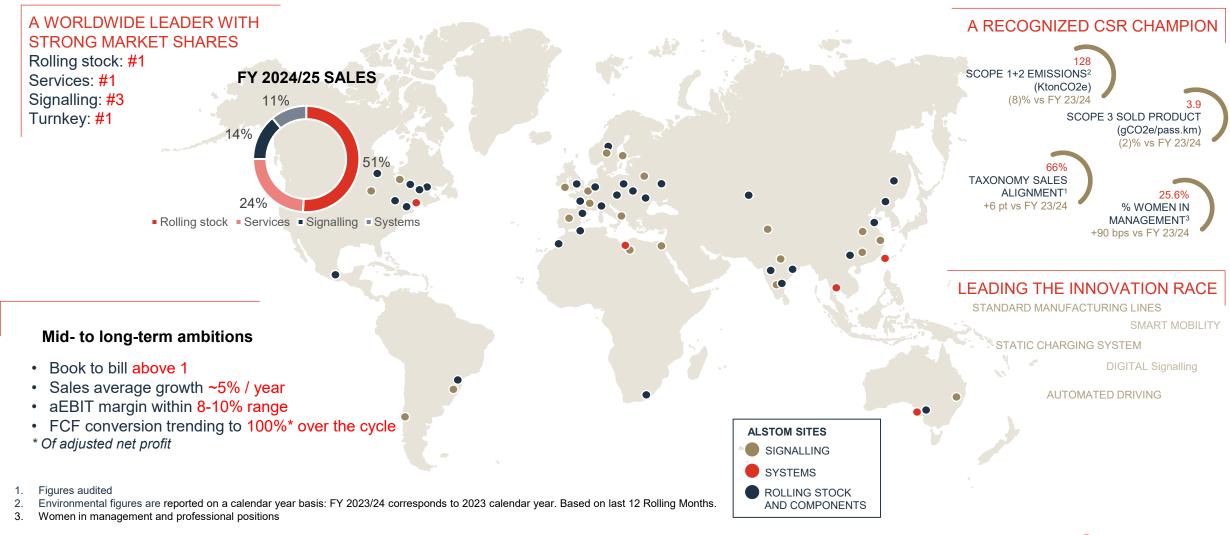


Summary

1.	Executive summary	p.4
2.	The most comprehensive offering in the rail industry	p.10
3.	An innovation leader	p.2
4.	CSR at the heart of Alstom's DNA	p.33
5.	FY 2024/25 Group performance	p.44
6.	Trajectory	p.6
7.	Appendix	p.7



Alstom's investment case



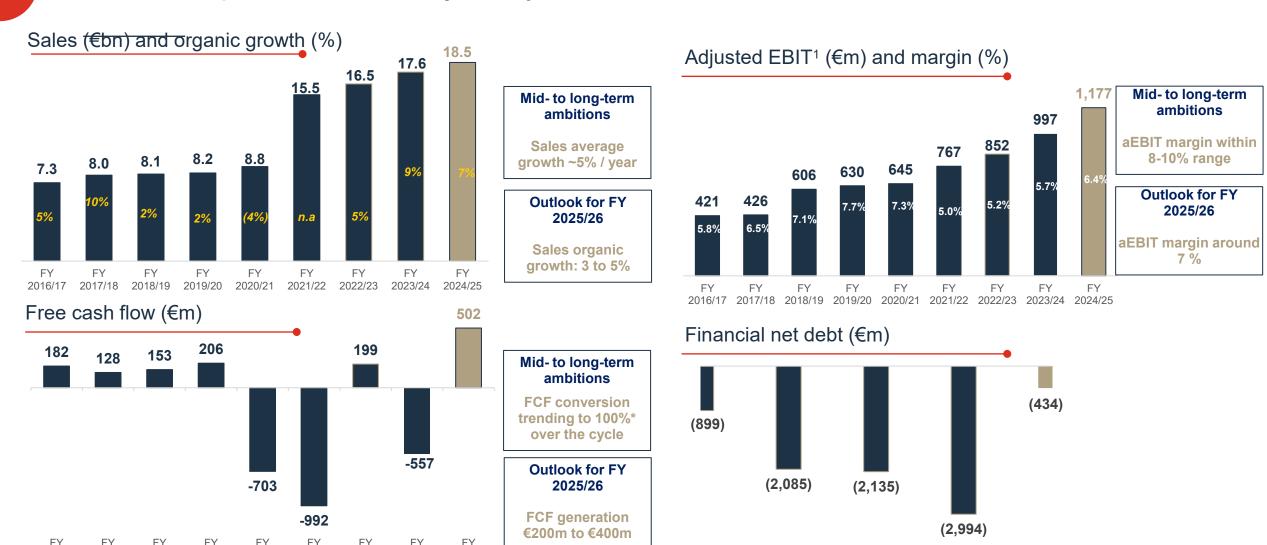
A stable shareholding structure



A large international floating base for investors



Financial performance trajectory



March 2021

March 2022

March 2023

March 2024

2019/20

2020/21

2021/22

2022/23

2023/24

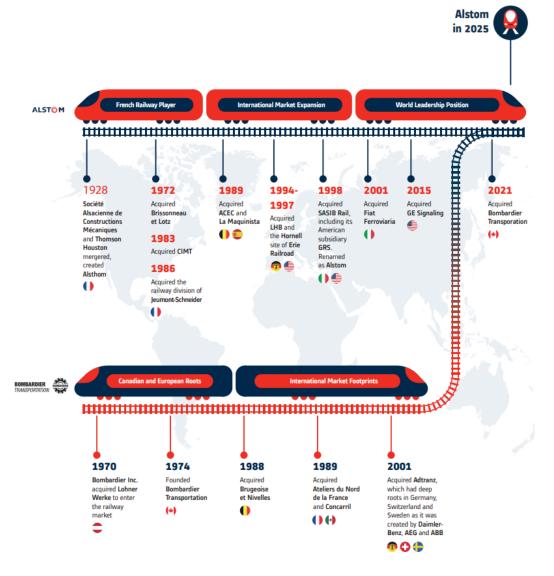


March 2025

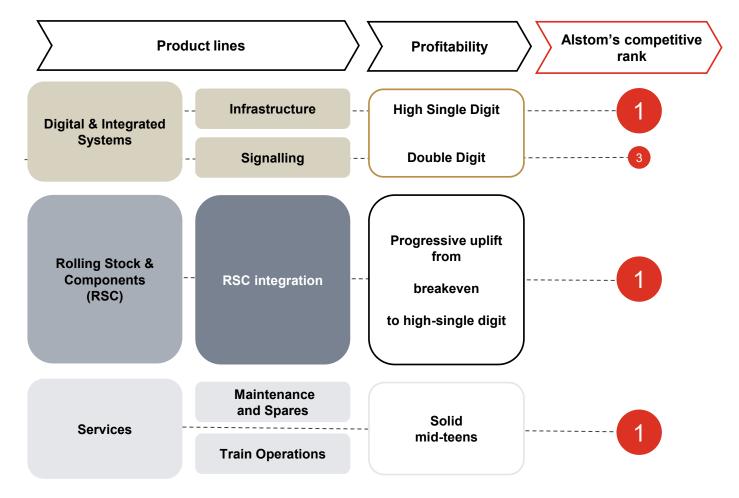
2024/25

[.] Non-GAAP. See definition p.54 of the URD 2024/25

Alstom's story: building the world's leader in rail technology

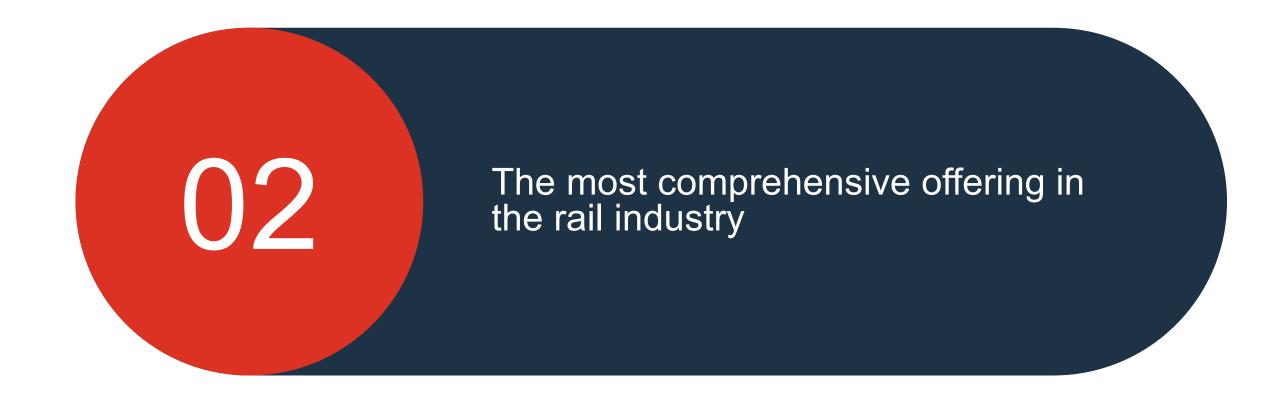


Major part of the value creation is spread across trains Sub-systems, Services and Signalling



^{*} Estimated values – Alstom analysis (Operations: only passengers operation considered); 1. Accessible Market p.a. based on WRMS 2024 Rail Supply market value 2021-2023





Rolling Stock

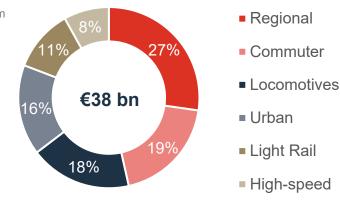


Alstom is the market leader in Rolling Stock & Components (RSC)

RSC IS A LARGE AND STEADY MARKET

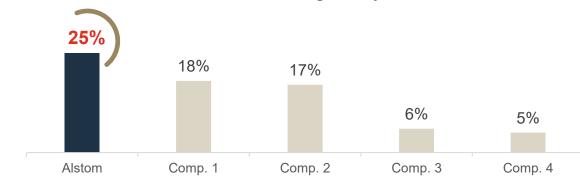
(WRMS 2024) – Alstom addressable market¹ average in € Bn / year (2024 – 2026)





ALSTOM: A CLEAR RSC MARKET LEADER

RSC Market shares 2022-2024, in %, including turnkey share



MARKET DRIVERS

RECENT WINS

European Rail Plans

Increased Indian Railways
Budget

US acceleration with Jobs & Infra Act

Europe Diesel replacement



GERMANY
S-BAHN Rhineland (Trains & Maintenance)
€3.6 BILLION



FRANCE
VELVET (ex-PROXIMA, Trains
& Maintenance)
€850 MILLION



GERMANY
fully and semi-automated
Metropolis™ trains for Hamburg
€700 MILLION



MOROCCO
18 Avelia Horizon trains for ONCF's VHS expansion



ITALY
POLO LOGISTCA FS (TRAXX
LOCOS & Maintenance)
€300 MILLION

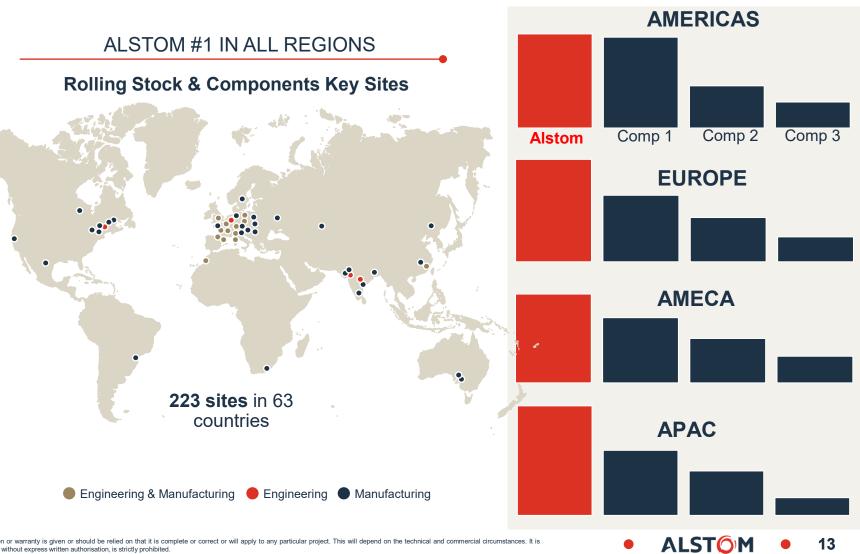
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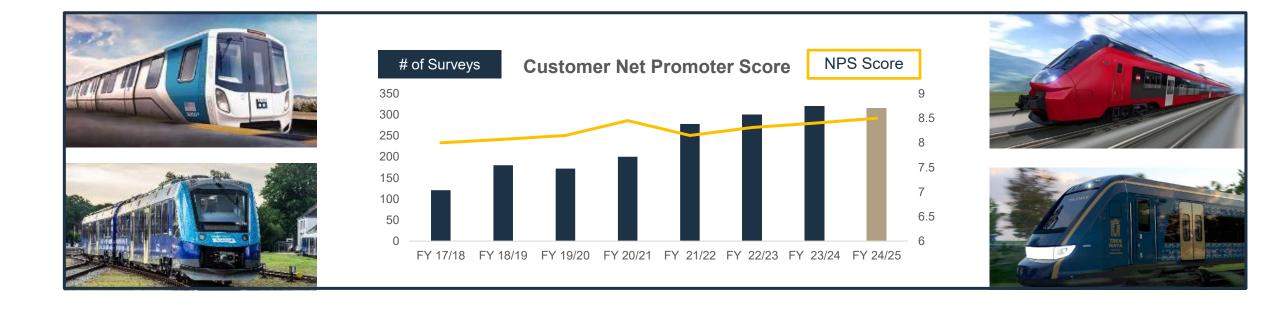
^{*} CAGR of 2.6 % based on UNIFE Alstom addressable rolling stock market 2021-2023 to 2027-2029 period; 1. Alstom addressable market excludes freight wagons, and China, Russia, Japan, South Korea and Iran

Alstom is the only player present in all geographies and has only 1 or 2 competitor(s) in each country





Continuous increase in customer satisfaction since merger at 8.5



RSC turnaround with production ramp-up supporting growth above market

RSC BUSINESS PROFILE

FY 2024/25:

- €40.1bn Backlog
- Orders €7.5bn
- €9.4bn Sales

Typical mid to large contracts:

- From >100m to multi-billion€
- 3 to >5 years

Cash:

- 15 to 20% downpayments
- Negative working capital contribution

RSC product line as key enabler to Services and Systems **businesses**

PROFITABILITY IMPROVEMENT LEVERS

BUSINESS DEVELOPMENT LEVERS **Product convergence** Selectivity **Platforming &** Increased % of **Standardisation** projects indexed

HEADWINDS MONITORING



Suppliers' technical maturity for certain components

OPERATIONAL LEVERS

Operational excellence

Digitalisation

Footprint utilisation & BCC lever

Reduced quantity of **Assembly Lines**

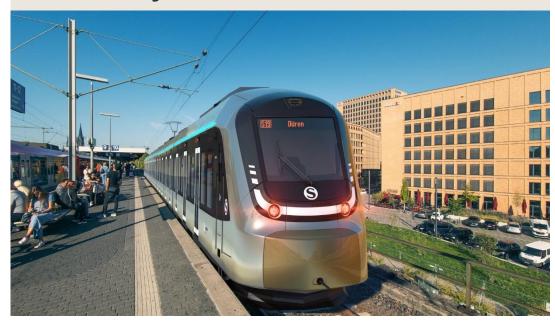
Acquisition value capture

New Standard Manufacturing Lines

Progressive margin uplift to high single digit profitability

Services

go.Rheinland | S-Bahn Cologne 34 years Full maintenance



Metrolink | SCRRA 5 years Operations and maintenance



Most extensive rail services portfolio, expertise and footprint

ALL ENCOMPASSING PORTFOLIO



CLEAR LEADERSHIP OVER THE RAIL SERVICES MARKET

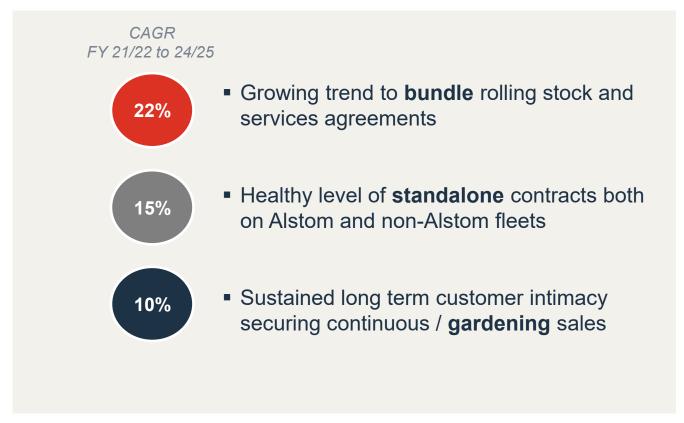


Business model and evolution

(bundled contracts, installed based advantage, small contracts)

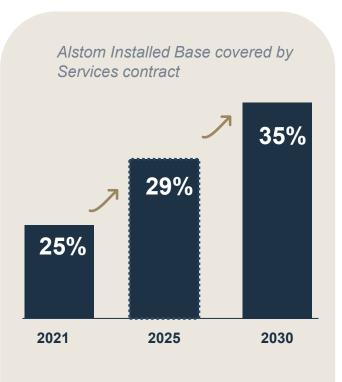
SUSTAINABLE BUSINESS WITH WELL BALANCED ORDER INTAKE





Mid-term ambition: 35% of installed base under services contract

INSTALLED BASE OF OVER 150,000 CARS WITH VAST HARVESTING POTENTIAL



DEVELOPMENT LEVERS

Parts Supply
Component Overhauls
TSSSA*

Smart modernisation Digital Solutions (incl. software, Cybersecurity)

Optimised Train Operations & System Maintenance

TSSSA to open new customers relationship (Singapore – Austria – US – France)

Customer key points

- Technology access
- End of warranty
- Fleet availability
- Mid-life overhaul required
- Social paradigm

Customer benefits

- Performance & Budget guaranty
- Obsolescence managed
- Asset life extension
- Modern / Digital approach



^{*} TSSSA: Technical Support and Spare Supply Agreement

Service franchise with strong predictability and high-single digit growth

SERVICES BUSINESS PROFILE

PROFITABILITY IMPROVEMENT LEVERS

FY 2024/25:

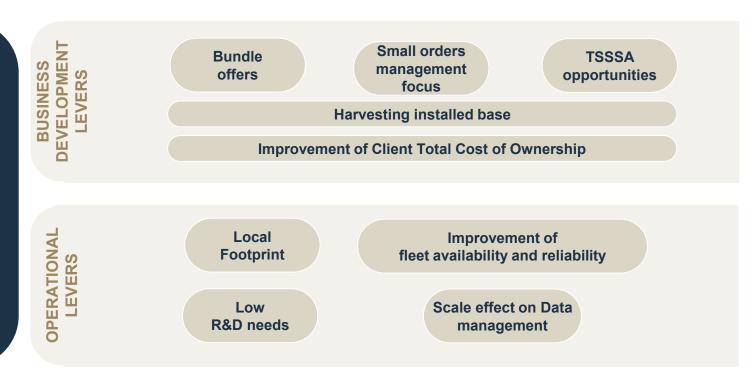
- Backlog €38.5bn
- Orders €8.2bn
- Sales €4.5bn

Contracts:

- Long contracts up to 30 years
- Indexation as general rule
- Short-cycle business (parts)

Cash:

- Limited mobilisation payments (depots, capital spares)
- Positive working capital



HEADWINDS MONITORING



To support growth



Localisation, resources availability and on-time performance

ACHIEVED SOLID MID-TEENS PROFITABILITY WITH LARGE GROWTH POTENTIAL

Signalling and Systems



Solid signalling market growth

with accelerating modal shift as key market driver

~€17bn¹

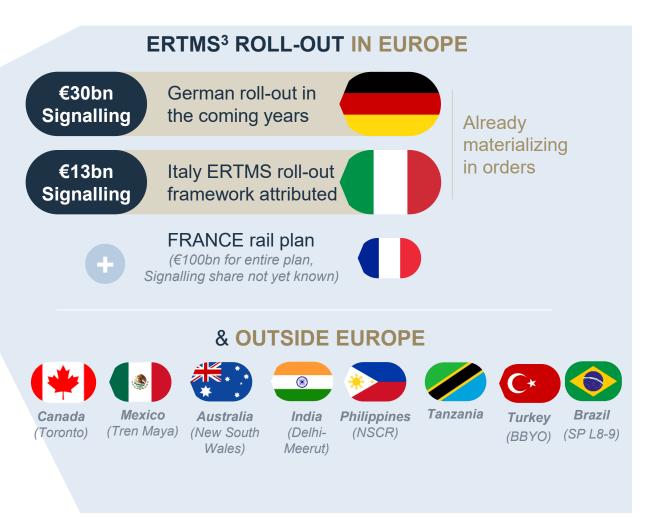
STRONG Signalling MARKET
GROWTH

~+4% CAGR²

Market boosted by infrastructure plans & **ERTMS**³ **roll-out**

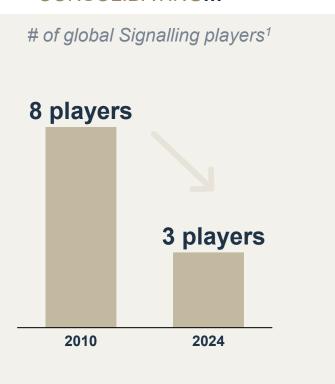
- → Signalling key to increasing capacity on existing lines
- → Enabling modal-shift acceleration towards rail



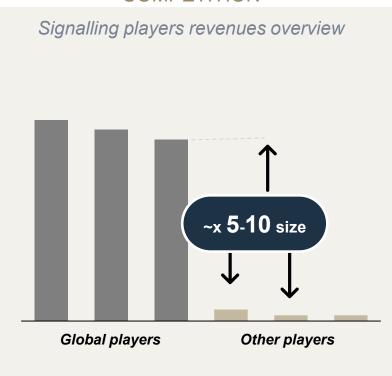


Signalling, a market segment consolidated around 3 global players

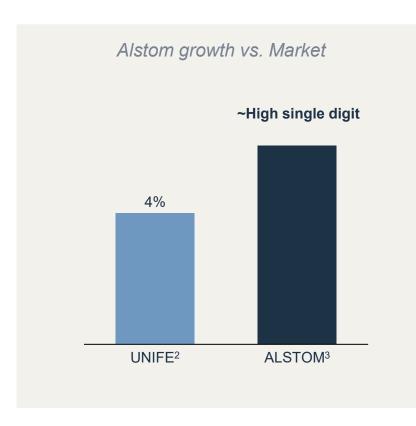
KEY GLOBAL PLAYERS CONSOLIDATING...



... FAR AHEAD OF REST OF **COMPETITION**



... OUTPACING MARKET GROWTH



^{1.} Global players considered >500m€ revenues present in Alstom addressable market 2. Alstom addressable, CAGR 2025-2028 3. Signalling scope FY23/24 vs. FY22/23

Deliver projects locally leveraging a worldwide footprint

LEVERAGE SCALE WHILE SECURING CUSTOMER INTIMACY

Signalling SOLUTIONS

Application customization

R&D

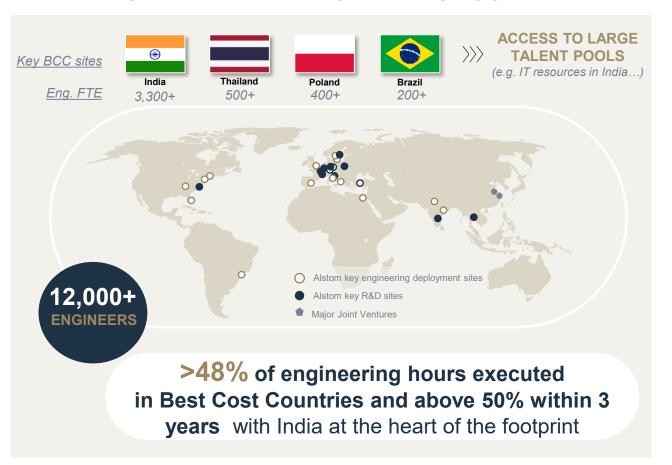
(Application software & technical platform)

Deliver & maintain
CLOSE TO
CUSTOMERS

CONCENTRATED FOOTPRINT

developing standard solutions (~10 key sites)

DELIVER EFFICIENTLY THROUGH AN UNPARALLELED ENGINEERING FOOTPRINT



Signalling franchise set for profitable growth

Signalling BUSINESS PROFILE

FY 2024/25:

- Backlog €8.8bn
- Orders €3.3bn
- Sales €2.6bn

Contracts:

- Typical small size; < 2 years
- Few > €100m; 3 5 years

Cash:

- Low downpayments
- Electronics inventories
- Positive working capital

PROFITABILITY IMPROVEMENT LEVERS

Small orders boost

Selectivity

High Single Digit growth pattern o/w services fast development

Harvesting customer long term relationship

Increased share of contract indexation

OPERATIONAL LEVERS

Increase Best-Cost vs. High-Cost countries engineering content

- > Cost of labor
- > Productivity
- > Access to digital skills

Scaling effect on R&D &

Convergence roadmap

Decreasing R&D Intensity

HEADWINDS MONITORING



Suppliers' technical maturity for certain components

ACHIEVED DOUBLE DIGIT PROFITABILITY



Systems commercial success driving double digit growth

SYSTEMS BUSINESS PROFILE

FY 2024/25:

- Backlog €7.6bn
- Orders €0.9bn
- Sales €1.9bn

Very large projects business

- Several hundred millions to > €1bn
- 5-7 years execution

Profitable enabler

- Low R&D, low Capex
- Operations and Maintenance enabler

Cash generator

- Well financed contracts
- Negative working capital

INCREASING VISIBLE PIPELINE OF OPPORTUNITIES



STRONG ALSTOM POSITIONING

ALSTOM LEADING PLAYER AMONG THE 3 GLOBAL PLAYERS



"KEEP BEING THE BEST-IN-CLASS SYSTEM PROVIDER TO BE SELECTED AS THE BEST PARTNER"

- > Proven delivery track-record
- Unique vertical integration from system level to all key sub-systems
- > Technology & competitiveness



Cairo Monorail

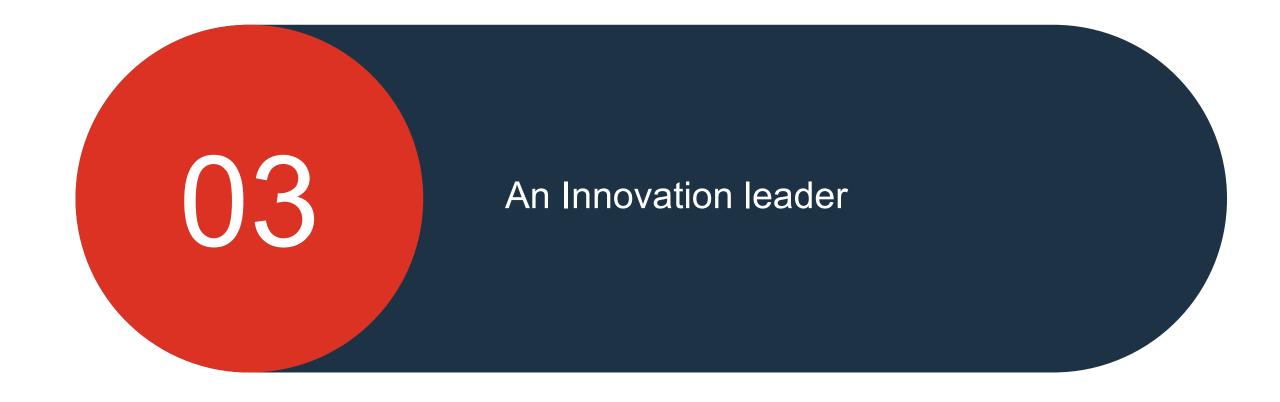


Riyadh metro

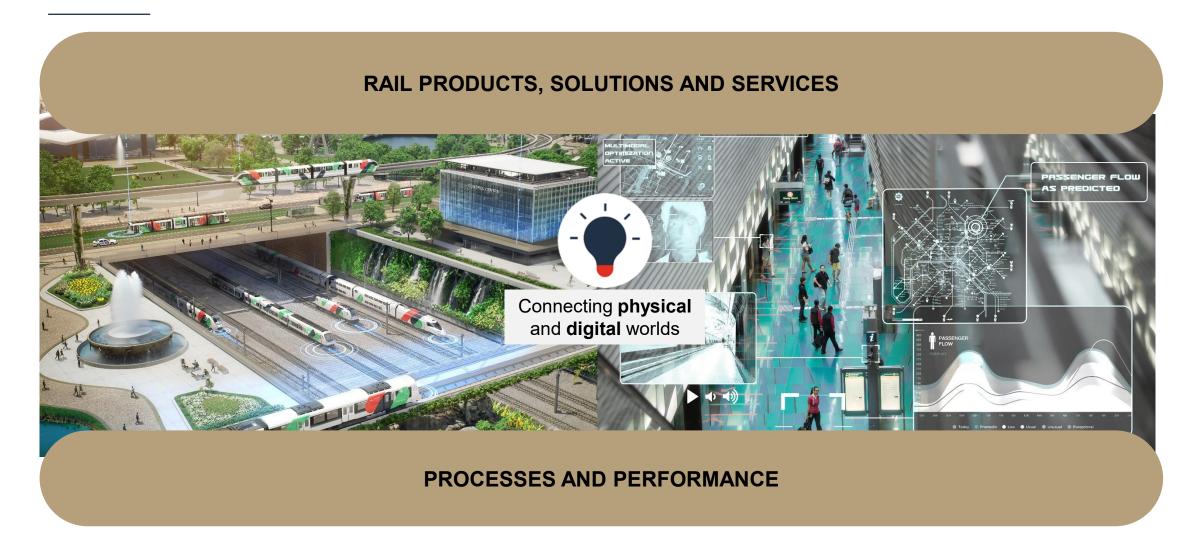


Tren Maya

... WITH STRONG HIGH SINGLE DIGIT PROFITABILITY



We deploy an all-encompassing innovation...



... anticipating and addressing our customers' challenges

Demands towards lower Cost of ownership

Throughout complete asset life-cycle

Optimum Resilience, Availability and Reliability of solutions

Cybersecurity, predictive maintenance/health monitoring, obsolescence management, connectivity, reliability at 0 km, extreme climate resilience

Climate neutral and enjoyable solutions for their stakeholders and riders

Carbon emissions, noise comfort, train vibrations, re-use and recycling

Rising energy concern

Efficiency, on-board energy storage and technology integration

Social/Economical constraints

Increasing traffic demand, more senior passengers, Driver/Staff shortage in some countries, infrastructure and stations footprint availability restrictions

A sustained R&D effort¹



SALES² 2.8%

FY 2024/25

Innovation will be a significant enabler to address our strategic priorities



Enhance current portfolio to be Greener, Smarter and more inclusive



Contribute to **Service growth**



Reinforce efficiency and performance

AUTONOMOUS TRAIN OPERATIONS



Train remote monitoring and control

NEW BUSINESS MODELS



Open multipurpose depot

DIGITAL TWINS TO OPTIMIZE CUSTOMER **DELIVERY AND SATISFACTION**



Virtual universe used in Design and Manufacturing

DIGITAL TRAIN



End-to-end digital continuity

MAINTENANCE IMPROVEMENT



Predictive maintenance



Industry 5.0



Technologies

Ecosystem and partnerships

Joint innovation work with suppliers

Participative Innovation, Intrapreneurs and start-ups



Alstom innovation at the forefront of sustainable traction solutions to better serve our customers

Several criteria influencing Total Cost of ownership



Alstom wide-encompassing portfolio of solutions



...being further developed as part of innovation strategy

Mission profile/Distance

Energy Infrastructure requirements

System economics in client's environment (e.g. cost of energy)

Climate conditions and topography





Continuous design improvements of our RS trains enabling lower energy consumption





H₂ and battery to replace diesel on non-electrified lines



Battery **charging solutions** (APS, HesopTM) and Hydrogen **refuelling stations** partnerships



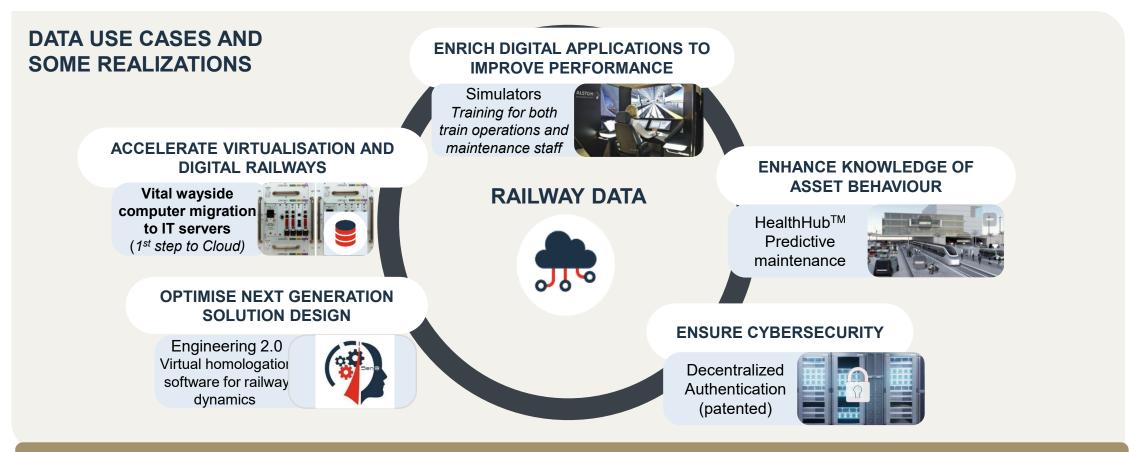
FlexCare Modernise™: zero direct emission or low emissions green re-tractioning by replacing or upgrading diesel with green solutions

- Liquid hydrogen use assessment
- Battery technologies (e.g. sodium) and rare Earths monitoring
- Smart Energy Management through real-time software platform assessment
- Boost of Green and Smart modernisation and FlexCare SustainTM activities as part of short cycle sales push
- Recyclability, circularity and ecodesign



Supported by EU IPCEI financing

We push innovations where data plays a critical role for rail applications



Powered by SaaS hosting solution, OnexisTM Cloud



Sustainable Mobility at the heart of Alstom's business

SUSTAINABILITY ISSUES

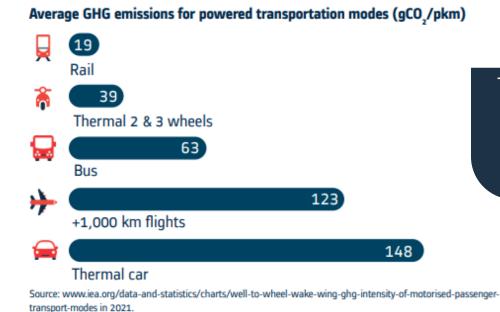
Potential Global Temperature Increases by end of the century

2.5-2.9°C Expected based on current policies & actions
2.4°C Likely to be reached based on current commitments
1.5°C Maximum increase targeted
1.1°C Temperature increase today

Transport
generates

27%
of CO₂ emissions
from energy use

THE TRAIN IS ONE OF THE LEAST EMITTING MODES OF TRANSPORT



Today, every tCO2e emitted by Alstom manufactured trains in operation would contribute to avoid 5 times more emissions.

Alstom directly contributes to Sustainable Development goals to provide access to safe, affordable, accessible and sustainable transport for all



SUSTAINABLE GOALS

Five sustainability & CSR priorities

- Innovating to develop efficient and fossil-free solutions for a net zero world
- Reducing the impact of our operations and adapting to a changing climate

 Supporting local socioeconomic development by growing lasting partnerships

Making mobility more inclusive and accessible

Net zero mobility

Community empowerment

Responsible value chain

- Enhancing environmental and social performance
- Protecting human rights through our value chain

Resource preservation

- Applying eco-design to reduce lifecycle impacts from products and services
- Implementing circular models to conserve resources and protect biodiversity

People care and growth

Engaging our people by

- Creating a supportive workplace and culture ensuring their safety and health
- ▶ Leading on diversity, equity, inclusion and offering to develop and grow

Net zero mobility

Equip customers with solutions to achieve Net Zero

2030 Ambition

SCOPE 3

Purchased goods and services

Reduce carbon intensity by **30%** vs FY2022/23

SCOPE 1&2

Operations

Reduce absolute emissions by 40% vs FY2021/22



aligned with 1.5°C trajectory **SCOPE 3**

Sold Products

Reduce carbon intensity by 42% for Passenger Rolling-stock and 35% for Freight vs FY2021/22



aligned with Well-Below 2°C trajectory







Resource preservation

Accelerate Ecodesign and Circular Economy

2030 Ambition

Leverage ecodesign for better performance

40% share of recycled content (RSC & Infra)

Integrate circular economy business models for services

Expand recycling in sites to 85%









People care and growth

Engage, support and grow employees

2030 Ambition

Lead in Diversity, Equity & Inclusion

32% Female Managers, Engineers and Professionals & 30% Top Management

Create a supportive workplace & culture

TRIR 1.4, 100% social protection coverage

Develop & Grow people

25 learning hours per employee

Engage Employees

72% Engagement Index









Community empowerment

Partnering to deliver social impact

2030 Ambition

Increase beneficiaries to 400,000

(Alstom Foundation + community actions)

Promote employee volunteering

More accessible & inclusive mobility







Responsible value chain

Enhancing environmental and social performance

2030 Ambition

95% of suppliers with low/medium net CSR risk¹

1,200 Suppliers trained in Sustainability & CSR

* cumulative from FY2023/24

Engage stakeholders on Sustainability & CSR









Our CSR priorities for a better world

Net zero mobility

Equip our customers with the solutions to achieve Net Zero Mobility and deliver on our commitments

Resources preservation

Accelerate on Ecodesign and Circular Economy to protect resources and preserve biodiversity

People care & growth

Engaging with our employees through extended care and growth programmes

Community empowerment

Partnering in the growth of our communities to deliver social impact

Responsible value chain

Enhancing environmental and social performance through the value-chain

2030 Targets

- 139 kt (-40%) for emissions from Alstom sites ¹ (Scope 1 & 2: direct and indirect)
- 2.7 (-42%) reduction in emissions intensity passenger solutions² (Scope 3: sold products)
- **5.9** (-35%) reduction in emissions intensity freight solutions² (Scope 3: sold products)
- 665 gCO₂e/€ (-30%) reduction in supply chain emissions intensity ³ (Scope 3: supply chain)
- 40% of circular (recycled) content in newly-developed trains and Infrastructure
- 85% Waste recycling rate from Alstom sites
- 32% women in management, engineering and professional roles
- Total recordable injury rate at 1.4
- 100% of social care / social protection coverage
- Learning culture: 25 hours per employee per year
- 72% engagement Index

• 400,000 beneficiaries per year from local actions and Alstom Foundation

- 95% of suppliers monitored or assessed on CSR with low or medium net risk
- 1,200 suppliers trained in sustainability and CSR

1: Baseline year 2021/22, Target year 2030/31 in kt CO2e 2: Baseline year 2021/22, Target year 2030/31 in gCO2 /pkm and Tkm 3: Baseline year 2022/23, Target year 2030/31 in gCO2/added value (€)



Landing 24/25 and continuation 2030/31

Net zero mobility

Resources preservation

People care & growth

Community empowerment

Responsible value chain

		Performance	Targets
	KPIs	FY2024/25	FY 2029/30
	 Scope 1 & 2 emissions from Alstom sites (kT)¹ Scope 3 emissions from passenger solutions in intensity² Scope 3 emissions from freight solutions in intensity² Scope 3 supply chain emissions in intensity³ 	128 3.9 9 872	139 (-40%) 2.7 (-42%) 5.9 (-35%) 665 (-30%)
	 % of circular (recycled) content in newly-developed trains (REPLACED) % of circular (recycled) content in newly-developed trains and Infra (NEW) Waste recycling rate from Alstom sites (NEW) 	25.8% - -	- 40% 85%
	 Total recordable injury rate % Female in MEP % Female (Top AG11+) (NEW) Learning culture: hours per year and employee Engagement Index (NEW) Social care / Social Protection coverage (NEW) 	1.4 25.4% - 22.4 67% 99.8%	1.4 32% 30% 25 72% 100%
	Beneficiaries per year from local actions and Alstom foundation	370,000	400,000
-	 Suppliers monitored or assessed on CSR and E&C standards according to level of risk (REPLACED) Suppliers with low or medium CSR net risk (%) (NEW) Suppliers trained in sustainability and CSR 	93% 93% 573	- 95% 1,200

^{1:} Baseline year 2021/22, Target year 2030/31 in ktCO2e

^{2:} Baseline year 2021/22, Target year 2030/31 in gCO2 /pkm and /Tkm

^{3:} Baseline year 2022/23, Target year 2030/31 in gCO2/added value (€)

Alstom currently well perceived on ESG performance

Strong sustainable rating profile by all main agencies















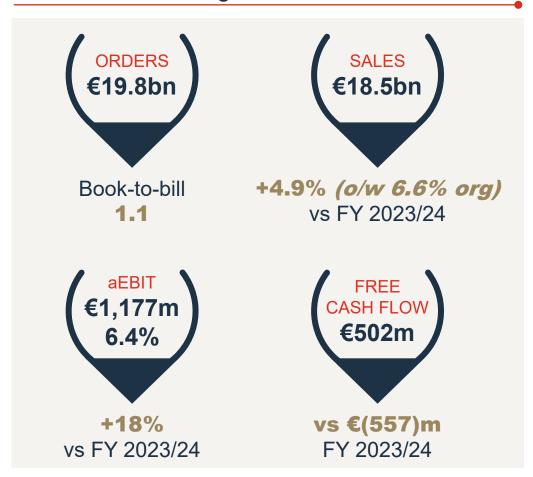






Solid FY 2024/25 results All objectives delivered

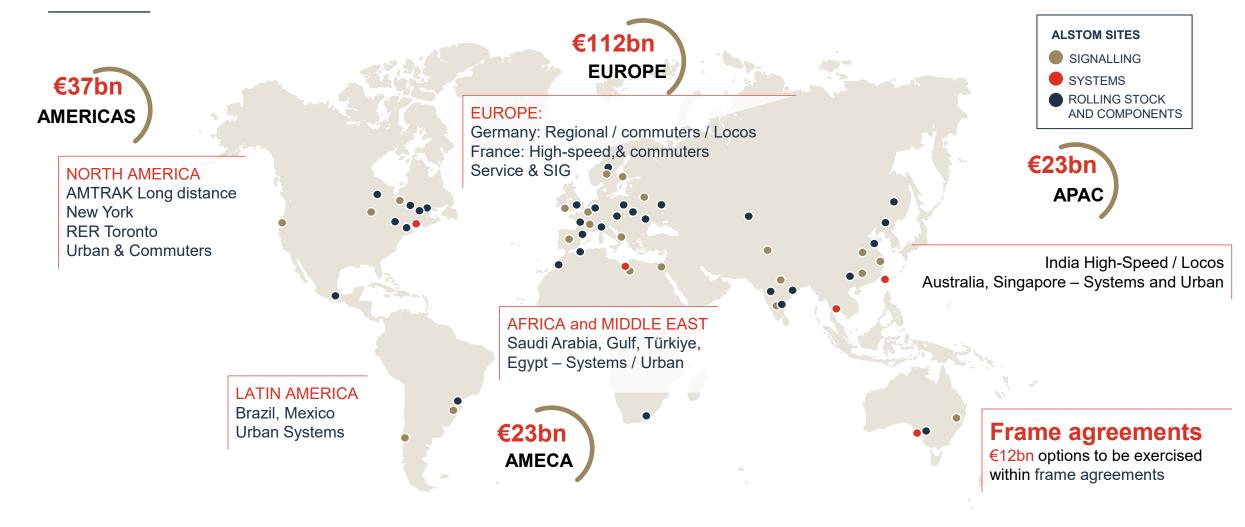
Results in line with guidance



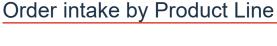
Progress on strategic priorities

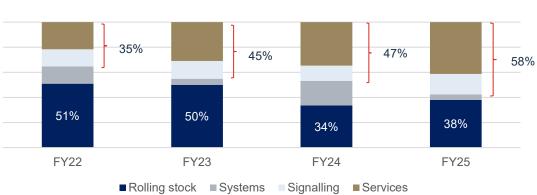
- Further improvement in **backlog quality** across all Product Lines
- Project execution, with strong Q4 output
- Optimization of manufacturing footprint initiated to improve industrial efficiency
- Train development process and tools enhancement

Stable three-year pipeline at ~€200bn Strong momentum in Europe mitigating projects shifting elsewhere

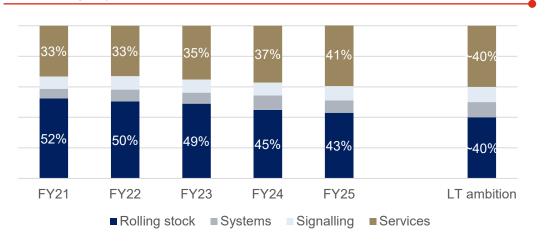


Rebalancing of backlog towards Services, in line with long-term ambition





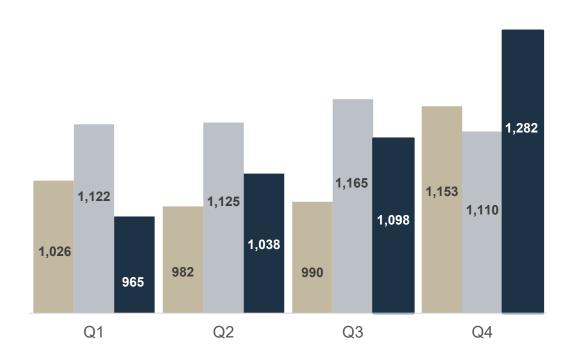
Backlog by Product Line



- Strong commercial momentum in Services thanks to:
 - New customers (S-Bahn Rheinland, Proxima, Transnet)
 - Scope extension on existing contracts
 - 100% contract renewal rate, including expanded scope (California)
- Long-term ambition to reach ~40% of backlog from Services and ~40% from Rolling Stock

Full Year Production volumes

Quantity of cars produced per quarter

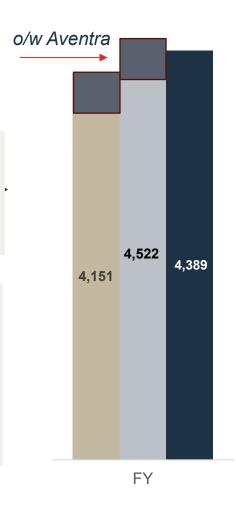


 FY output +9% CAGR since FY23 excluding Aventra (~500cars / year in FY23 and FY24 vs. 0 in FY25)

Strong Q4 volumes

Successful ramp-up in Americas (Brazil, Mexico and US notably)

Some projects ending (Americas, Europe)

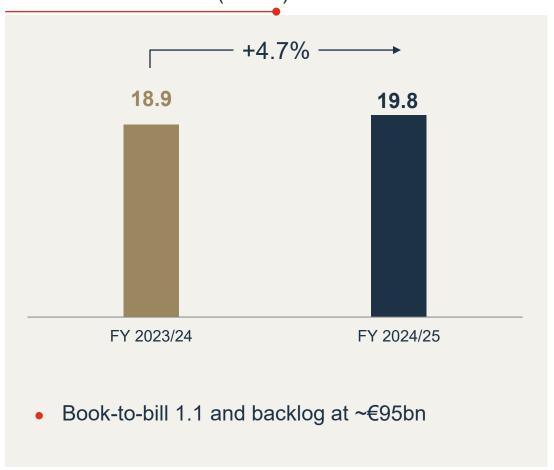


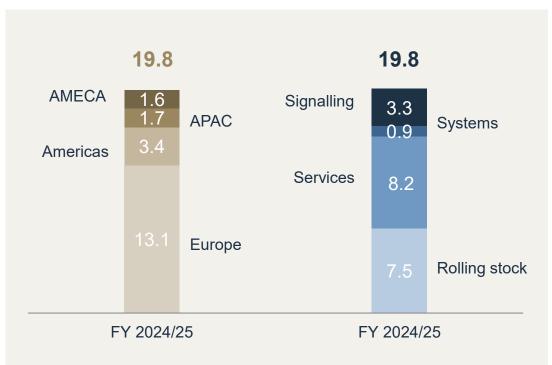
■FY 2022/23 ■FY 2023/24 ■FY 2024/25



Good flow of base orders in Q4 Book-to-bill <1 on Rolling Stock

ORDERS FY 2024/25 (in €bn)

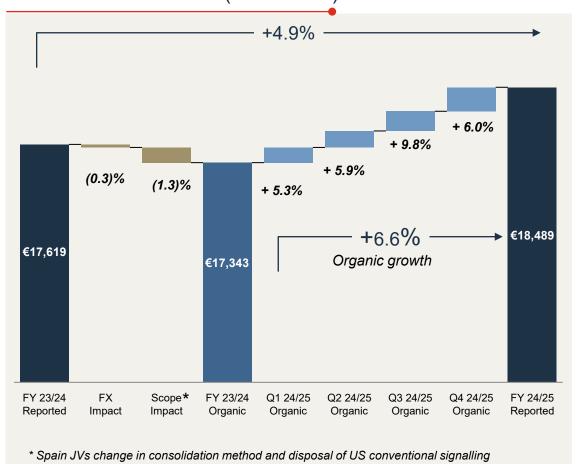




 Margin and cash on order intake supporting short- and medium-term trajectory

Organic Growth at 6.6%

SALES EVOLUTION (in € million)



FY 2024/25 SALES SPLIT BY PRODUCT LINES



ROLLING STOCK: €9,454m

(+3.6% vs 2023/24, o/w +3.7% org)

Ramp-up in Australia and consistent execution in France, Italy, South Africa, Belgium and USA



SERVICES: €4,493m

(+5.2% vs 2023/24, o/w +6.2% org) Solid execution in UK, Canada, Italy and Germany



SIGNALLING: €2,642m

(-0.1% vs 2023/24, o/w +6.0% org)
Impact on reported growth of US conventional signalling.
Consistent execution in France, Australia, Germany and Italy



SYSTEMS: €1,900m

(+20.4% vs 2023/24, o/w +26.3% org) Strong deliveries in Mexico and good performance in Canada,

Ivory Coast and France

aEBIT margin up 70bps to 6.4%

(in € million)	FY 2023/24	FY 2024/25	Evolution
Sales	17,619	18,489	+4.9%
Cost of Sales	(15,096)	(15,876)	+5.2%
Adjusted Gross Margin before PPA ¹ As a % of sales	2,523 14.3%	2,613 14.1%	(20)bps
Research and development expenses before PPA ² As a % of sales	(549) 3.1%	(522) 2.8%	(30)bps
Selling & Administrative expenses As a % of sales	(1,108) <i>6.3%</i>	(1,062) 5.7%	(60)bps
Net interest in equity investees pickup ³	131	148	+13.0%
Adjusted EBIT ¹	997	1,177	+18.1%
Adjusted EBIT margin¹	5.7%	6.4%	+70bps

Definition in Appendix

^{2.} Excluding €(59) million of amortisation expenses of the purchase price allocation of Bombardier Transportation.

^{3.} Definition in Appendix. This mainly includes Chinese joint-ventures

Net profit recovery driven by aEBIT and reduced non-operating expenses

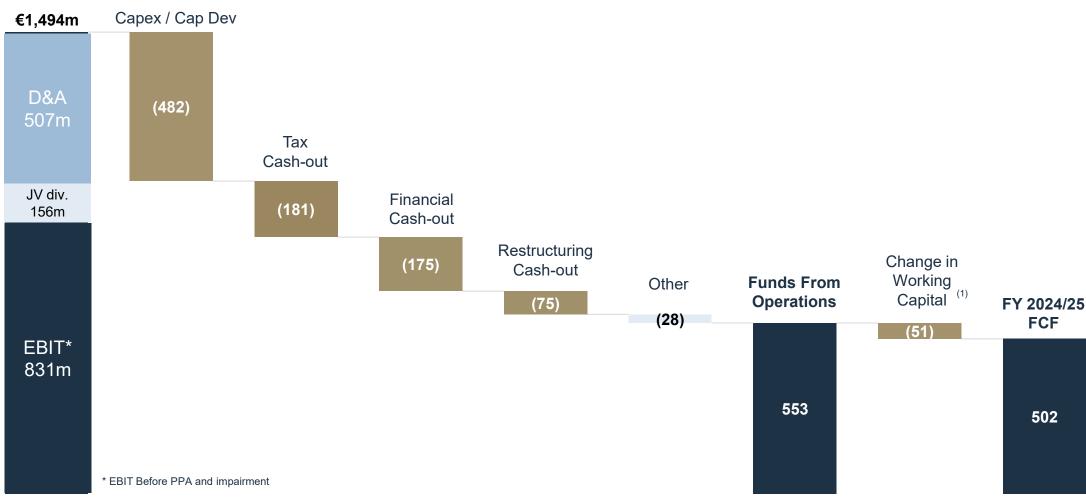
(in € million)	FY 2023/24	FY 2024/25	Evolution	
Sales	17,619	18,489	+4.9%	
Adjusted EBIT	997	1,177	+18.1%	
Adjusted EBIT margin	5.7%	6.4%	+70 bps	o/w Integration costs €97m - as per plan,
Non-operating expenses	(510)	(198)	(61.2%)	and Legal fees €36m
Reversal of net interest in equity investees pickup ¹	(131)	(148)	+13.0%	
EBIT before PPA and impairment	356	831	+133.4%	Net interest expense €64m (-€89m vs FY24)
Financial results	(242)	(214)	(11.6%)	Other financial expenses €150m (+€61m vs FY24)
Tax results	(33)	(217)	-	
Share in net income of equity investees	(7)	128	-	ETR 35% in FY2024/25
Minority interests from continued op.	(30)	(30)	-	
Adjusted Net profit ²	44	498	-	
PPA net of tax	(351)	(345)	(1.7%)	
Net Profit - Continued operations, Group share	(307)	153	-	

¹ This mainly includes Chinese joint-ventures

² Definition in appendix

FFO at 3% of sales, H1 working capital drag mostly reversed during H2

From EBIT* to Free Cash Flow (in € million)



⁽¹⁾ the total of Change in working capital of the FCF bridge of €(51)m corresponds to the €(87) million changes in working capital resulting from operating activities disclosed in the consolidated financial statements from which the €74 million variations of restructuring provisions and €(38)m of variation of Tax working capital have been excluded.

Stability of Trade Working Capital despite inventories

(in € million / days of sales)	31 March 20	24	31 March 2025		
Inventories	3,818	79	4,151	82	
Trade payables	(3,444)	(71)	(3,751)	(74)	
Trade receivables	2,997	62	2,906	57	
Other assets/ liabilities ²	(1,705)	(35)	(1,599)	(32)	
Trade Working Capital ^{1,2}	1,666	34	1,707	34	

Inventories and Trade payables increase:

- cars production acceleration in Q4
- supply chain perturbations

Receivables: good cash collection with strong overdues reduction during second half

¹ Definition in appendix

² Excluding restructuring provisions and corporate tax changes

ALSTON

Contract WC: Contract assets up with Services and Signalling growth Contract liabilities up with projects in Startup phase

(in € million / days of sales)	31 March 2024		31 March 2025	
Contract assets	4,973	103	5,895	116
Contract liabilities	(7,995)	(166)	(8,881)	(175)
Current provisions Of which Risks on contracts	(1,612) <i>(</i> 981)	(33)	(1,529) <i>(</i> 920)	(30)
Contract Working Capital ¹	(4,634)	(96)	(4,515)	(89)

Contract WC from (96) to (89) days

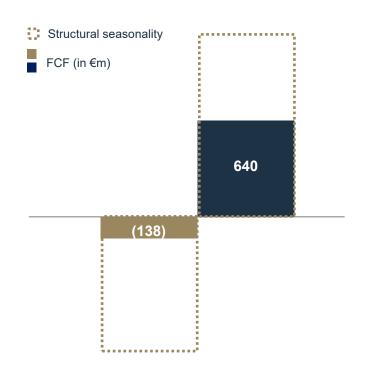
- Compared to FY24:
 - Downpayments stable in €
 - High proportion of projects in startup and serial phase



FY25 low seasonality

Structural FCF seasonality...

- Cash-in seasonality on progress payments:
 - Fewer working days during H1
 - Summer factory closures leading to lower production and train acceptances
- Cash-out evenly distributed

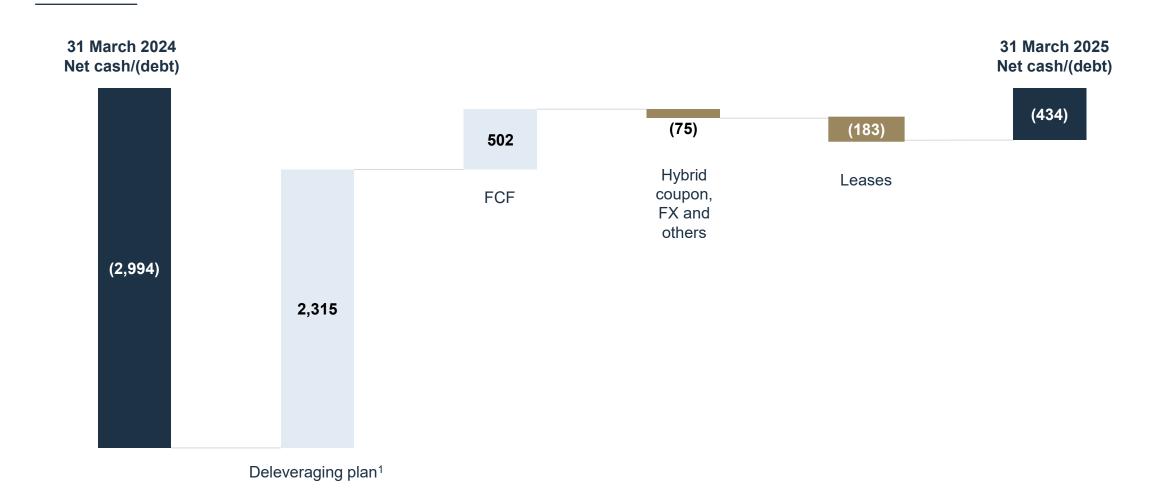


...has been mitigated in FY25

- Downpayment phasing being more H1-weighted driven by strong H1 commercial momentum (Köln, Proxima, Hamburg) as well as shifts from H2 to FY26 (CP in Portugal)
- Project mix with a good share of wellfinanced projects in start-up phase in H1

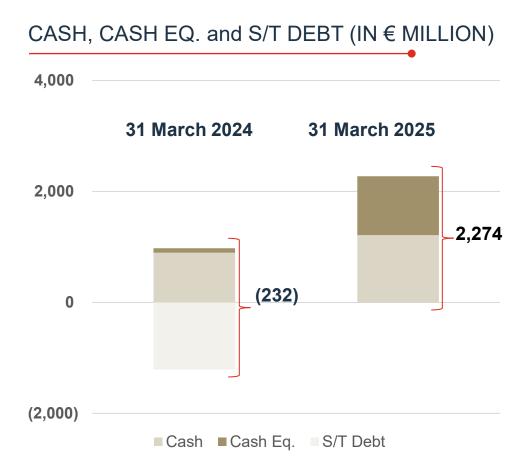


Net debt reduced to €434m following deleveraging plan and FCF generation



^{1.} Sale of TMH for €75m executed during FY 2023/24. Rights issue, hybrid issuance and sale of US conventional Signalling net of advisory fees.

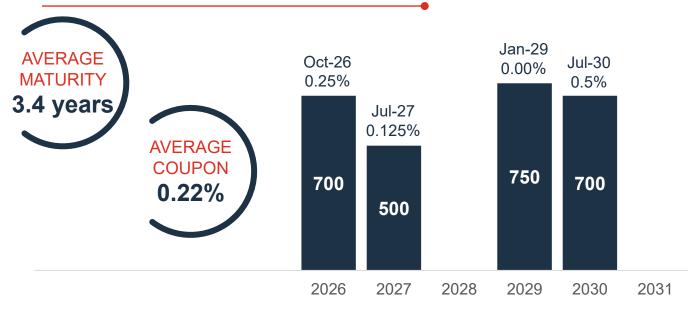
Short-term debt reimbursed, strong increase in Cash & cash equivalents





• ~€1.2b reimbursement of short-term debt during H1

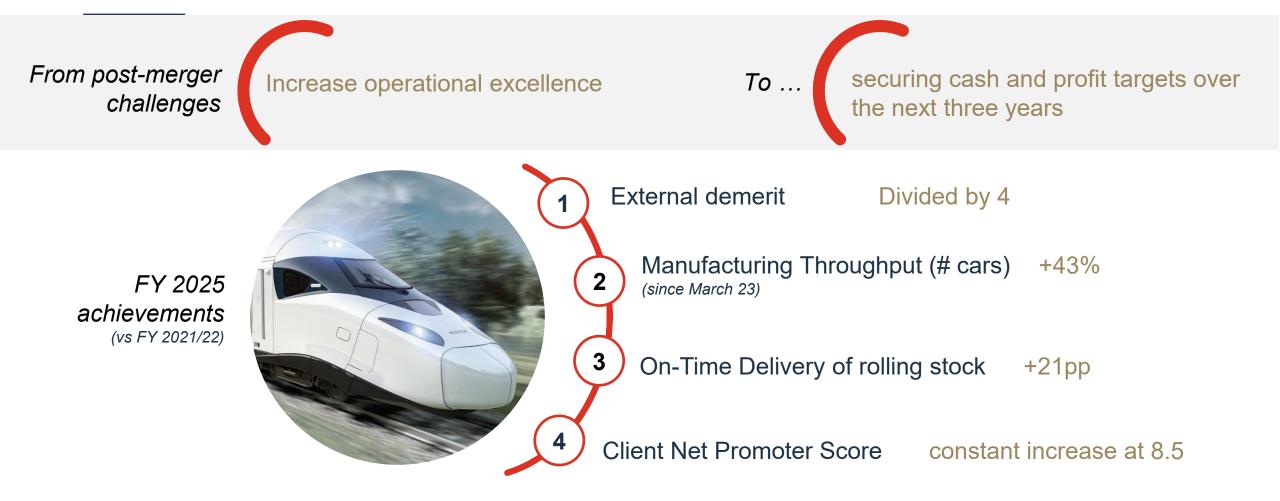
STABLE OUTSTANDING BONDS (IN € MILLION)



- No financial covenants and fixed coupons on all bonds
- No planned redemption before October 2026
- Hybrid bond for €750m maturing Aug 29 (accounted for in Equity)



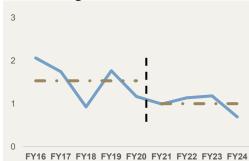
Turning operational improvements into accelerated profit and cash generation



Rolling stock: turning selectivity into sustainable profit

Selectivity since merger

Rolling Stock Book to Bill



Book-to-bill from ~1.5 to ~1 before / after merger

Margin in backlog improved by ~200bps since merger

Key additional actions to uplift profitability over next three years

Focus on 13 most attractive countries

- ✓ Clear competitive advantage
 - ✓ Concentrating R&D efforts
- ✓ Service / Systems synergies

Enhance commercial discipline

- Increased target margins by segment
 - ✓ Reinforced golden rules
 - ✓ Strict contract management

Seamless execution

- Engineering efficiency through automation and AI tools
 - ✓ Execute legacy backlog
 - On-time delivery back to ex-AT levels in FY25

Mid-term expectations

Continue improving Rolling Stock margin in backlog

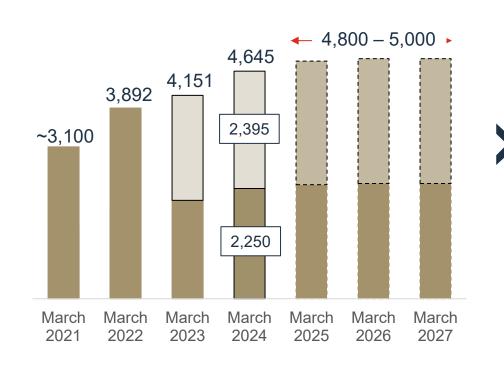
Rolling Stock profitability uplift to high-single digit by FY 2026/27

> Rolling Stock to consume Contract Working Capital



Industrial optimization and overheads reduction post integration, as the Group stabilizes deliveries to 4,800-5,000 cars per year

Manufacturing Output (#cars)



2,395 cars delivered over H2

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Industrial optimization

€100m restructuring Cash-out in the plan

~1,500 FTE overhead reduction Mid-term expectations

Reduce industrial inefficiencies on gross margin

Reduce incidence of SG&A on sales by **~1pp**

Bringing Services to the forefront of the Alstom business model

AMBITION

STRATEGIC FOCUS

Consolidate leadership

- Harvest installed base
- Grow short cycle sales
- One-stop shop positioning

Capture new markets

- Cross border and open access in Europe
- Smart and Green modernisation
- Boost Digital Maintenance
- TSSSA to penetrate incumbents' fleets

Enhance industrialization

- Strategic depot footprint capex
- Maintenance performance centres
- Boost Parts business model

Mid-term expectations

Average book-to-bill largely above 1

Share of Services in backlog to match share of Rolling Stock by FY 2026/27

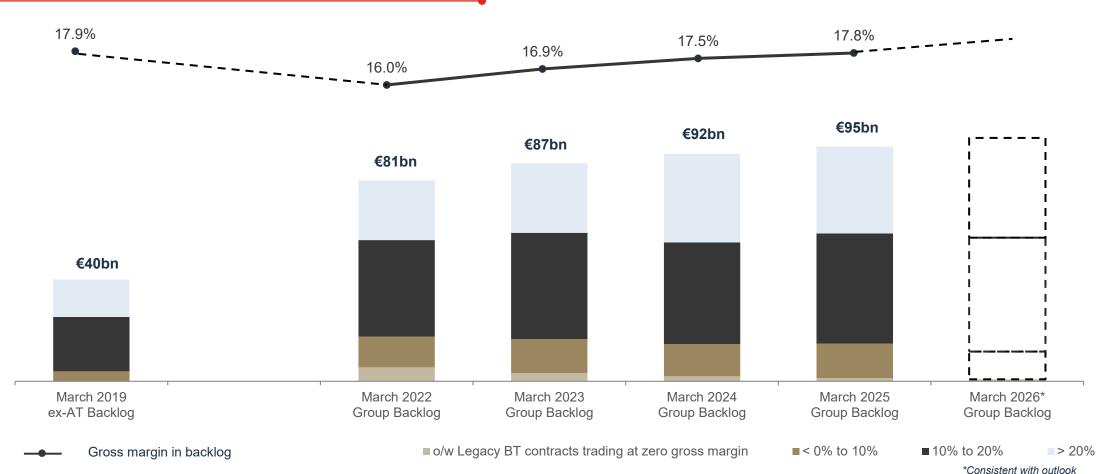
Services Contract Working capital build-up

Signalling and Systems - Profitable growth in a concentrated market



Gross margin upside from quality order intake





Backlog figures subject to FX evolution

Efficient costs savings initiatives compensating for headwinds from legacy projects and scope

aEBIT (in %)

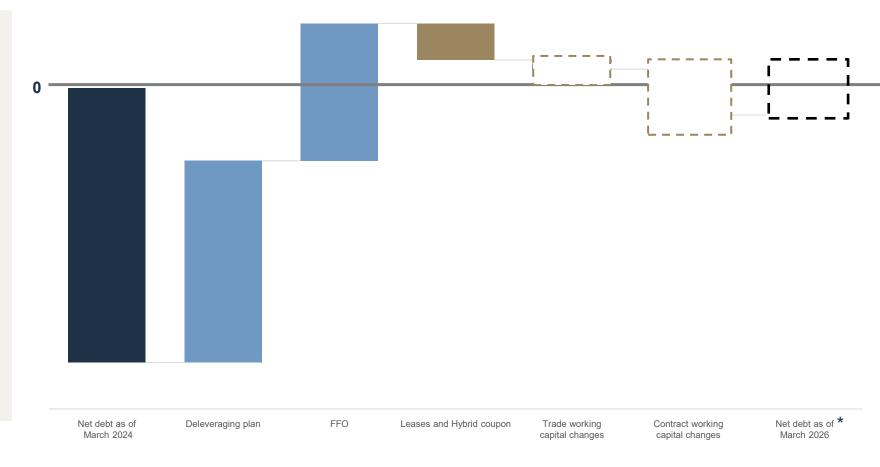


FY26 FCF generation marked by Services and Signalling growth and some Rolling Stock projects ramp-ups

FY25 FY26 FFO / Sales 3.0% Increased from profit uplift **Trade Working** Stable Stable Capital in days of sales in days of sales **Contract Working** ~€100m headwind Higher headwind Capital Seasonality Very low - €(138)m in H1 High – up to \in (1.0)bn in H1 **FCF** €502m €200-400m

Capital allocation priorities and March 2026 deleveraging trajectory unchanged

- Priority to deleverage and maintain Investment Grade rating
- Dividends policy to be reevaluated once zero net financial debt is reached
- M&A policy:
 - Pursue bolt-on acquisitions (Innovation, Services)
 - Dynamic portfolio management



* Considering Hybrid bond as Equity, as per IFRS

FY 2025/26 outlook Medium-term ambitions confirmed

FY 2025/26

Assumptions

- Supportive market demand
- # cars production stable vs FY2024/25
- R&D back to > 3% of sales
- Mitigating US tariffs beyond Q1 FY 2025/26.

Outlook

- Group and Rolling stock book to bill above 1
- Sales organic growth: 3% to 5%
- aEBIT margin around 7%
- FCF within €200-400m range
- Seasonality more pronounced with FCF up to €(1.0)bn in H1 FY 2025/26

Medium-term

Ambitions

- Book-to-bill above 1
- Average sales growth of ~5% per year
- aEBIT margin within 8-10% range
- FCF conversion trending to 100%* over the cycle

At least €1.5bn cumulative FCF from FY 2024/25 to FY 2026/27



^{*} Of adjusted net profit



Board of Directors composition (March 31st, 2025)



Philippe Petitcolin Chairman of the Board



Claude Mandart Director representing employees



Baudouin Prot Independent Director





Edouard Ringuet Observer



Henri Poupart-Lafarge Chief Executive Officer



Gilles Guilbon Director representing employees



Sylvie Rucar



Independent Director



Bi Yong Chungunco Independent Director



José Gonzalo Permanent representative of **BPIfrance Investissement**



Kim Thomassin Permanent representative of CDPQ



Ethics & Sustainability Committee

Committee

Audit and Risks Committee

Nominations and Remuneration



Clotilde Delbos Independent Director



Sylvie Kandé de Beaupuy **Independent Director**





Jay Walder Independant Director

Independence*: 80%

Women*: 50%

Number of nationalities represented: 7

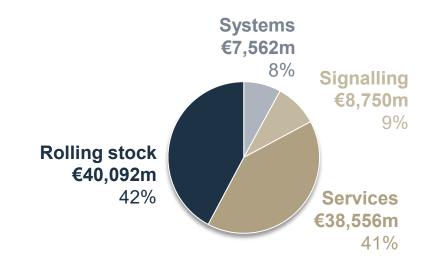
*Excluding directors representing employees



FY 2024/25 backlog by region and product line

Backlog breakdown by region (in € million)

Backlog breakdown by product line (in € million)

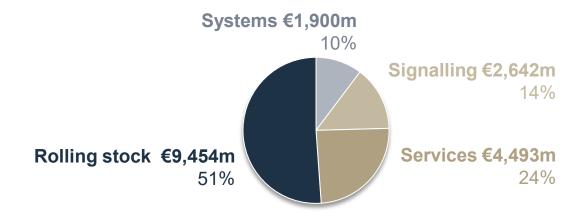


FY 2024/25 Sales by region and product line

Sales breakdown by region (in € million)

Asia Pacific €2,688m 15% **Europe €10,481m** Americas €3,660m 57% 20% Africa, Middle East & Central Asia €1,660m 9%

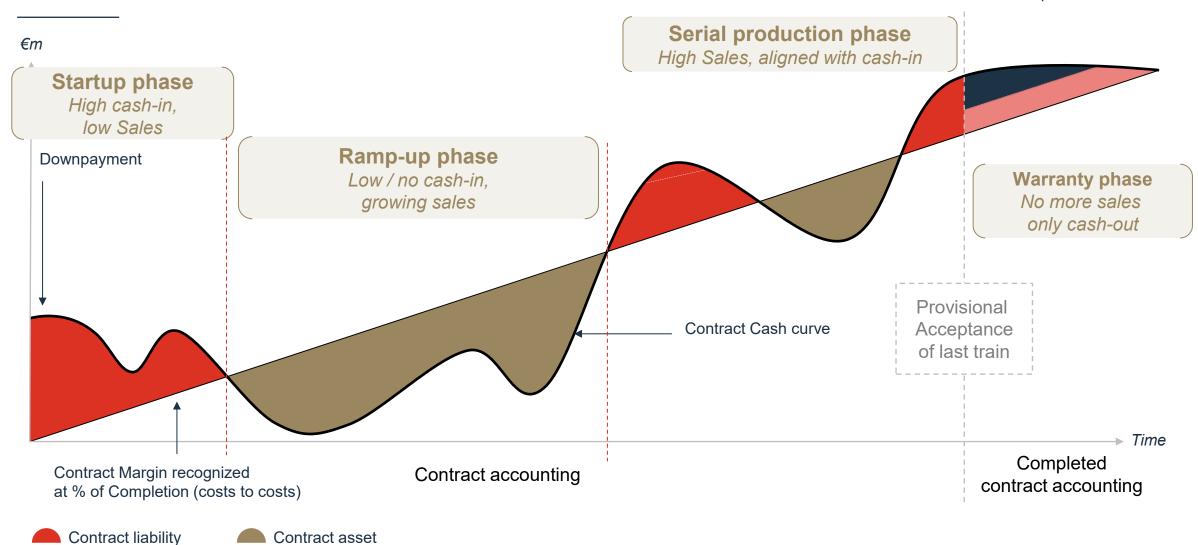
Sales breakdown by product line (in € million)



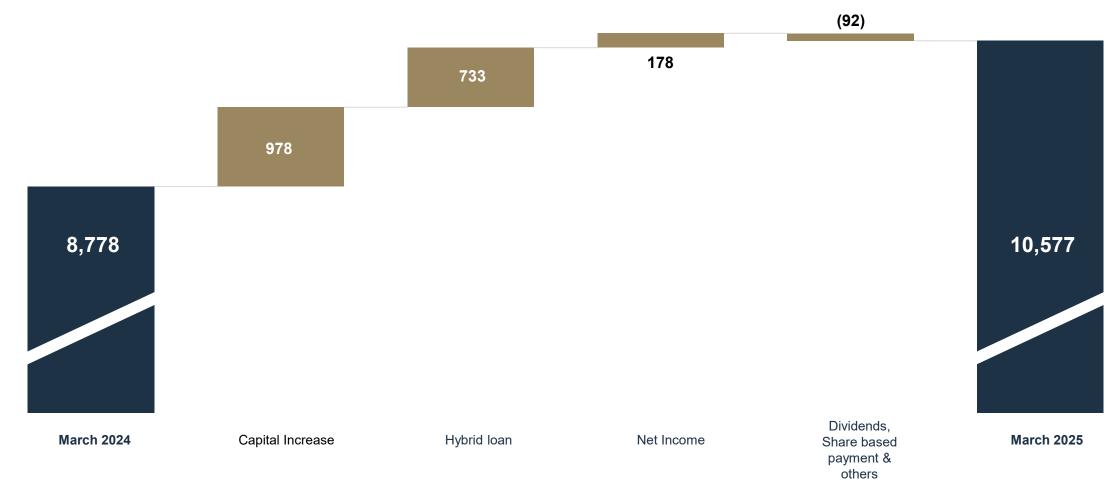
Warranty provision

Completed contract accruals

Contract Cash versus Sales Illustration for a typical Rolling Stock contract



Equity in € million



Contract accounting – P&L – Glossary

- Revenue and Contract Margin are recognized at the percentage of completion method based on Costs-to-Costs under IFRS15:
 - Percentage of completion (PoC) = Costs accumulated to date divided by Costs at completion
 - Cumulative sales to date = Selling Price at completion x PoC.
 - Period Sales = Cumulative Sales to date cumulative sales at end of last period.
 - Contract Margin (CM) to date = CM at completion x PoC.
 - Period CM = Cumulative CM to date cumulative CM at end of last period.
 - Selling Price (SP) and CM at completion are reviewed for each project at least twice a year:
 - Changes in SP and / or CM at completion are recognized in P&L immediately so that cumulative P&L and related working capital balances (see next slides) always reflect the latest project review estimates.
 - If CM at completion is negative,
 - Losses to date (= negative CM at completion x PoC) are recognized in P&L + (if any) reversal of previously recognized positive margin
 - A provision for contract loss is recognized for the losses to come (provision = Negative CM at completion Loss recognized to date)
 - At any further project review of a loss-making contract, the evolution of the loss (negative or positive) is immediately recognized in P&L, regardless the nature of the evolution (variation orders, operational improvements / degradations, penalties...)

Contract and Completed contract accounting – Working Capital – Glossary

- Contract Liabilities are made of
 - **Down-payments received** (upfront payment received at inception to finance the contract)
 - **Deferred income on contracts**: when cumulative billing of the contract is exceeding cumulative trading (revenue recognized in the income statement) on Cost-to-Cost contracts.
- **Contract Assets** are mainly **Unbilled income on contracts:** when cumulative trading (revenue recognized in the income statement) of the contract is exceeding cumulative billing¹ on Cost-to-Cost (CtC) contracts.
- At any time, a contract is either in a **Net Contract Assets** or in a **Net Contract Liability** situation as seen in the illustrative chart.
- When a contract reaches **provisional acceptance of 100% of the quantity of trains as per the contract**, Sales and GM at completion are recognized at 100%, net contract liability is reclassed to **completed contract accruals** (within Other payables) representing activities to be completed after acceptance

^{1.} Billing triggers reduction of contract asset and recognition of a Receivable.

Other Working Capital items - Glossary

- **Inventories** are mainly **raw materials and semi-finished goods.** They are recognized when goods are received at the factory¹. Inventories are transferred to Contract Assets / liabilities when they exit the warehouse and are entering the assembly line, then allocated to the contract accounting scheme
- Current Provisions —are mainly:
 - Warranty provisions (about 1 /3 of total) provision created progressively at the delivery of each train. Mainly spare parts and warranty team at customer site.
 - Provisions for risks on contracts (about 2/3) include mainly provisions for contracts losses which are recognized when CM at completion becomes negative, corresponding to the portion of negative margin at completion still to be recognized through the P&L (see previous)
- Non-Current Provisions are mainly for litigations, tax and environmental risks and restructuring provisions

^{1.} Goods receipt triggers recognition of an Accounts Payable.

Other Working Capital items - Glossary

Other current operating assets are mainly:

- 40 to 50% represent B/S side of financial derivatives and hedged firm commitments not yet turned into a receivable
- The remainder consists in
 - Taxes (VAT, CIT...)
 - Downpayment to suppliers
 - Prepaid expenses
 - Non-trade receivables

Other current operating liabilities are mainly:

- Other payable (about 1/3 of total) are mainly completed contract accruals, representative of goods to be delivered or services to be rendered after the 100% provisional acceptance milestone is reached. In particular, reliability growth activities.
- Staff and assotiated liabilities (about 20% of total) mostly vacation accruals, social security payables...
- Derivatives and hedged firm commitments / liability side (about 1/3 of total)
- AP with extended payment terms: trade payables supported by the supply chain financing arrangement and exceeding regular payment terms
- The remainder consists essentially in Taxes payable

Appendix - Non-GAAP financial indicators definitions (1/2)

This section presents financial indicators used by the Group that are not defined by accounting standard setters.

Orders received

A new order is recognised as an order received only when the contract creates enforceable obligations between the Group and its customer. When this condition is met, the order is recognised at the contract value. If the contract is denominated in a currency other than the functional currency of the reporting unit, the Group requires the immediate elimination of currency exposure using forward currency sales. Orders are then measured using the spot rate at inception of hedging instruments.

Book-to-Bill

The book-to-bill ratio is the ratio of orders received to the amount of sales traded for a specific period.

Adjusted Gross Margin before PPA

Adjusted Gross Margin before PPA is a Key Performance Indicator to present the level of recurring operational performance. It represents the sales minus the cost of sales, adjusted to exclude the impact of amortisation of assets exclusively valued when determining the purchase price allocations ("PPA") in the context of business combination as well as non-recurring "one off" items that are not supposed to occur again in following years and are significant.

Adjusted EBIT

Adjusted EBIT ("aEBIT") is the Key Performance Indicator to present the level of recurring operational performance. This indicator is also aligned with market practice and comparable to direct competitors.

Starting September 2019, Alstom has opted for the inclusion of the share in net income of the equity-accounted investments into the aEBIT when these are considered to be part of the operating activities of the Group (because there are significant operational flows and/or common project execution with these entities). This mainly includes Chinese joint-ventures, namely CASCO, Alstom Sifang (Qingdao) Transportation Ltd, Jiangsu ALSTOM NUG Propulsion System Co. Ltd. (former Bombardier NUG Propulsion) and Changchun Changke Alstom Railway Vehicles Company Ltd.

aEBIT corresponds to Earning Before Interests and Tax adjusted for the following elements:

- net restructuring expenses (including rationalisation costs);
- tangibles and intangibles impairment;
- capital gains or loss/revaluation on investments disposals or controls changes of an entity;
- any other non-recurring items, such as some costs incurred to realise business combinations and amortisation of an asset exclusively valued in the context of business combination, as well as litigation costs that have arisen outside the ordinary course of business;
- and including the share in net income of the operational equity-accounted investments.

A non-recurring item is a "one-off" exceptional item that is not supposed to occur again in following years and that is significant.

Adjusted EBIT margin corresponds to Adjusted EBIT expressed as a percentage of sales.

Appendix - Non-GAAP financial indicators definitions (2/2)

EBIT before PPA

Following the Bombardier Transportation acquisition and with effect from the fiscal year 2021/22 condensed consolidated financial statements, Alstom decided to introduce the "EBIT before PPA" indicator aimed at restating its Earnings Before Interest and Taxes ("EBIT") to exclude the impact of amortisation of assets exclusively valued when determining the purchase price allocations ("PPA") in the context of business combination. This indicator is also aligned with market practice.

Adjusted net profit

The "Adjusted Net Profit" indicator aims at restating the Alstom's net profit from continued operations (Group share) to exclude the impact of amortisation & impairment of assets exclusively valued when determining the purchase price allocations ("PPA") in the context of business combination, net of the corresponding tax effect.

Free cash flow

Free Cash Flow is defined as net cash provided by operating activities less capital expenditures including capitalised development costs, net of proceeds from disposals of tangible and intangible assets. Free Cash Flow does not include any proceeds from disposals of activity.

The most directly comparable financial measure to Free Cash Flow calculated and presented in accordance with IFRS is net cash provided by operating activities.

Net cash/(debt)

The net cash/(debt) is defined as cash and cash equivalents, marketable securities and other current financial asset, less borrowings

Organic basis

This presentation includes performance indicators presented on an actual basis and on an organic basis. Figures given on an organic basis eliminate the impact of changes in scope of consolidation and changes resulting from the translation of the accounts into Euro following the variation of foreign currencies against the Euro.

The Group uses figures prepared on an organic basis both for internal analysis and for external communication, as it believes they provide means to analyse and explain variations from one period to another. However, these figures are not measurements of performance under IFRS.

Contacts & Agenda



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13 November 2025 2025/26 Half-year Results

20 January 2026
FY 2025/26 Third Quarter
Orders & Sales

